PRELIMINARY STUDIES ON OVIPOSITION SITE PREFERENCES OF CULICOIDES IMICOLA

G. Venter^{1,2*} S. Boikanyo¹

VECTOR SURVEILLANCE Light trap collections have shown that Culicoides imicola, considered a vector of both African horse sickness and bluetongue viruses is the most widespread and abundant livestock-associated Culicoides species in South Africa. Despite this, relatively little is known about the biology of this Culicoides species. A laboratory study was undertaken to clarify the oviposition preference of C. imicola. Field collected midges were fed on defibrinated ovine blood. Blood engorged females were offered a choice of differently treated oviposition surfaces. The artificial oviposition device consisted of a plastic Petri dish (35 mm diameter) with a double layer of filter paper on top of tamped-down moist cottonwool at the bottom of the holding container. This provided an even surface on which eggs could be laid. Salt (sodium chloride) concentrations varying from 0.003 to 3.0 g/10 mL and infusions

* Corresponding author Tel.: +27 1 25 29 91 81; Fax: +27 1 25 29 91 80 E-mail: VenterG@arc.agric.za

of sheep, horse, zebra and bovine dung were compared. In an additional treatment, engorged females were given a choice between oviposition surfaces heated to 22°C and 25°C. All treatments were done in duplicate. Flies were kept at 23.5°C and the first eggs were usually deposited after three days. Results showed that C. imicola preferred oviposition sites with a salt concentration below 0.06 g/10 mL. Extracts of horse dung were preferred and increased the notion that horses are the preferred host of *C. imicola.* It was also found that there was a preference for the 25°C surface, which supports the idea that C. imicola will rather oviposit in areas heated by direct sunlight than in shaded areas.

Keywords: African Horse Sickness – Bluetongue Virus – **OVIPOSITION – CULICOIDES IMICOLA – SOUTH AFRICA.**

^{1.} Agricultural Research Council - Onderstepoort Veterinary Institute, Onderstepoort 0110, South Africa.

^{2.} Department of Veterinary Tropical Diseases, Faculty of Veterinary Science, University of Pretoria, Private Bag X04, Onderstepoort 0110, South Africa.